

Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA

§ 29.1225

10 GRADES OF LUGS				8 GRADES OF PRIMINGS—Continued			
X1L		X1F		P3L		P3F	
X2L		X2F		P4L		P4F	
X3L		X3F		P5L		P5F	
X4L		X4F					
X5L		X5F					
8 GRADES OF PRIMINGS				6 GRADES OF GREENISH			
P2L		P2F		B3V		X3V	
				B4V	C4V	X4V	
				B5V			
20 GRADES OF VARIEGATED							
B3KL	B3KF	B3KD					
B4KL	B4KF	B4KD	B4KV	C4KL	C4KF	X4KL	X4KF
B5KL	B5KF	B5KD	B5KV				X4KV
B6KL	B6KF	B6KD	B6KV				
7 MIXED GRADES				7 MIXED GRADES—Continued			
M4F	M4KR	M4KM	M4GK	M5F		M5KM	M5GK
15 GRADES OF GREEN							
B4G		B4GK		C4G	C4GK	X4G	X4GK
B5G	B5GR	B5GK	B5GG			X5G	
B6G		B6GK					P4G
							P5G
7 GRADES OF VARIEGATED MIXED				13 GRADES OF NONDESCRIPT			
B3KM			X3KM	N1L	N1KV		N1GG
B4KM		C4KM	X4KM	N1XL	N1GL		N1PO
B5KM				N1K	N1GF		N1XO
B6KM				N1R	N1GR		N1BO
							N2
6 GRADES OF VARIEGATED RED OR SCORCHED				1 GRADE OF SCRAP			
B3KR			X3KR				
B4KR		C4KR	X4KR				
B5KR							
5 GRADES OF EXCESSIVELY SCORCHED							
		B3KK					
		B4KK					
		B5KK					
		B6KK					
		C4KK					
6 GRADES OF SLICK							
B3S			X3S				
B4S		C4S	X4S				
B5S							
4 GRADES OF WHITISH-LEMON							
X3LL		C4LL					
X4LL		C5LL					
2 GRADES OF CUTTERS (PRIMINGS SIDE)							
C5LP		C5FP					

Special factors “U” (unsound), “W” (doubtful-keeping order), “S” (strip), and “M” (mixed) may be applied to all grades. The special factors “dirt” or “sand” may be applied to any grade in the Primings group, including first quality Nondescript from the Primings group. Tobacco not covered by the standard grades is designated “No-G,” “No-G-F,” or “No-G-Nested.”

[48 FR 29671, June 28, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 16756, Apr. 20, 1984; 51 FR 25028, July 10, 1986; 52 FR 28534, July 31, 1987; 60 FR 36028, July 13, 1995]

KEY TO STANDARD GRADEMARKS

§ 29.1225 Key to standard grademarks.

Groups

B—Leaf. H—Smoking Leaf. C—Cutters. X—Lugs. P—Primings. M—Mixed Group. N—Nondescript. S—Scrap.

§ 29.2251

Qualities

1—Choice. 2—Fine. 3—Good. 4—Fair. 5—Low. 6—Poor.

Color Symbols

L—Lemon. LL—Whitish-lemon. F—Orange. FR—Orange red. R—Red. K—Variegated. KR—Variegated red or scorched. G—Green. V—Greenish. GR—Green red. GK—Green variegated. GG—Gray green. KL—Variegated lemon. KF—Variegated orange. KV—Variegated greenish. KM—Variegated mixed. KD—Variegated dark red. LL—Whitish-lemon.

Combination Symbols

XL—Lug side. PO—Oxidized primings. XO—Oxidized lugs or cutters. BO—Oxidized leaf or smoking leaf. GL—Thin-bodied nondescript. GF—Medium-bodied nondescript. LP—Lemon (primings side). FP—Orange (primings side). KK—Excessively scorched.

Special Symbol

S—Slick.

[42 FR 21092, Apr. 25, 1977, as amended at 48 FR 29672, June 28, 1983; 49 FR 16757, Apr. 20, 1984; 51 FR 25028, July 10, 1986; 52 FR 28534, July 31, 1987]

OFFICIAL STANDARD GRADES FOR VIRGINIA FIRE-CURED TOBACCO (U.S. TYPE 21)

AUTHORITY: Sections 29.2251 to 29.2481, issued under 7 U.S.C. 511m and 511r.

SOURCE: Sections 29.2251 through 29.2481 appear at 37 FR 13521, July 11, 1972, unless otherwise noted.

DEFINITIONS

§ 29.2251 Definitions.

As used in these standards, the words and phrases hereinafter defined shall have the indicated meanings so assigned.

§ 29.2252 Air-dried.

The condition of unfermented tobacco as customarily prepared for storage under natural atmospheric conditions.

§ 29.2253 Body.

The thickness and density of a leaf or the weight per unit of surface. (See chart, § 29.2351.)

§ 29.2254 Brown colors.

A group of colors ranging from a reddish brown to yellowish brown. These

7 CFR Ch. I (1–1–98 Edition)

colors vary from low to medium saturation and from very low to medium brilliance. As used in these standards, the range is expressed as light brown (L), medium brown (F), and dark brown (D).

§ 29.2255 Class.

A major division of tobacco based on method of cure or principal usage.

§ 29.2256 Clean.

Tobacco is described as clean when it contains only a normal amount of sand or soil particles. Leaves grown on the lower portion of the stalk normally contain more dirt or sand than those from higher stalk positions. (See Rule 4, § 29.2395.)

§ 29.2257 Color.

The third factor of a grade based on the relative hues, saturation or chroma, and color values common to the type.

§ 29.2258 Color intensity.

The varying degree of saturation or chroma. Color intensity as applied to tobacco describes the strength or weakness of a specific color or hue. It is applicable to brown colors. (See chart, § 29.2351.)

§ 29.2259 Color symbols.

As applied to this type, color symbols are: L—light brown, F—medium brown, D—dark brown, M—mixed or variegated, G—green, GL—light green, and GD—dark green.

[45 FR 47115, July 14, 1980]

§ 29.2260 Condition.

The state of tobacco which results from the method of preparation or from the degree of fermentation. Words used to describe the condition of tobacco are undried, air-dried, steam-dried, sweating, sweated, and aged.

§ 29.2261 Crude.

A subdegree of maturity. Crude leaves are usually hard and slick as a result of extreme immaturity. A similar condition may result from fire-kill, sunburn, or sunscald. Any leaf which is crude to the extent of 20 percent or